AMENDMENT TO RULES COMMITTEE PRINT 116-57

OFFERED BY MR. GONZALEZ OF OHIO

Page 1115, after line 5, insert the following:

Subtitle F—Taiwan Non Discrimination

3 SEC. 1771. SHORT TITLE.

4 This subtitle may be cited as the "Taiwan Non-Dis-5 crimination Act of 2020".

6 SEC. 1772. FINDINGS.

7 The Congress finds as follows:

8 (1) As enshrined in its Articles of Agreement, 9 the International Monetary Fund (IMF) is devoted 10 to promoting international monetary cooperation, fa-11 cilitating the expansion and balanced growth of 12 international trade, encouraging exchange stability, 13 and avoiding competitive exchange depreciation.

14 (2) Taiwan is the 22nd largest economy in the
15 world and the 10th largest goods trading partner of
16 the United States.

17 (3) Although Taiwan is not an IMF member, it18 is a member of the World Trade Organization, the

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- Asian Development Bank, and the Asia-Pacific Eco nomic Cooperation forum.
- 3 (4) According to the January 2020 Report on
 4 Macroeconomic and Foreign Exchange Policies of
 5 Major Trading Partners of the United States, pub6 lished by the Department of the Treasury, Taiwan
 7 held \$471,900,000,000 in foreign exchange reserves,
 8 more than major economies such as India, South
 9 Korea, and Brazil.

10 (5) According to section 4(d) of the Taiwan Re-11 lations Act (Public Law 96–8), enacted on April 10, 12 1979, "Nothing in this Act may be construed as a 13 basis for supporting the exclusion or expulsion of 14 Taiwan from continued membership in any inter-15 national financial institution or any other inter-16 national organization.".

17 (6) Taiwan held membership in the IMF for 9 18 years following the recognition of the People's Re-19 public of China (PRC) by the United Nations, and 20 16 Taiwan staff members at the Fund were allowed 21 to continue their employment after the PRC was 22 seated at the IMF in 1980. As James M. Boughton 23 has noted in his Silent Revolution: The International 24 Monetary Fund 1979–1989, even as the PRC was seated, the United States Executive Director to the 25

IMF, Sam Y. Cross, expressed support on behalf of
 the United States government for "some kind of as sociation between Taiwan and the Fund".

4 (7) On September 27, 1994, in testimony be-5 fore the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations re-6 garding the 1994 Taiwan Policy Review, then-Assistant Secretary of State for East Asian and Pacific 7 8 Affairs Winston Lord stated: "Recognizing Taiwan's 9 important role in transnational issues, we will sup-10 port its membership in organizations where state-11 hood is not a prerequisite, and we will support op-12 portunities for Taiwan's voice to be heard in organi-13 zations where its membership is not possible.".

14 (8) The Congress has repeatedly reaffirmed
15 support for this policy, including in Public Laws
16 107–10, 107–158, 108–28, 108–235, 113–17, and
17 114–139, and the unanimous House and Senate
18 passage of the Taiwan Allies International Protec19 tion and Enhancement Initiative (TAIPEI) Act of
20 2019.

(9) In its fact sheet, entitled "U.S. Relations
with Taiwan", published on August 31, 2018, the
Department of State asserts: "The United States
supports Taiwan's membership in international organizations that do not require statehood as a condi-

tion of membership and encourages Taiwan's mean ingful participation in international organizations
 where its membership is not possible.".

4 (10) According to the Articles of Agreement of
5 the IMF, "membership shall be open to other coun6 tries", subject to conditions prescribed by the Board
7 of Governors of the IMF.

8 (11) In the IMF publication "Membership and 9 Nonmembership in the International Monetary 10 Fund: A Study in International Law and Organiza-11 tion", Joseph Gold, the then-General Counsel and 12 Director of the Legal Department of the IMF, elabo-13 rated on the differences between the terms "coun-14 tries" and "states", noting that "the word 'country' 15 may have been adopted because of the absence of agreement on the definition of a 'state'" and, with 16 17 respect to the use of "countries" and applications 18 for IMF membership, "the absence of any adjective 19 in the Articles emphasizes the breadth of the discre-20 tion that the Fund may exercise in admitting coun-21 tries to membership". According to Mr. Gold, "the 22 desire to give the Fund flexibility in dealing with ap-23 plications may explain not only the absence of any 24 adjective that qualifies 'countries' but also the choice 25 of that word itself".

1 (12) In his IMF study, Mr. Gold further ob-2 serves, "in the practice of the Fund the concepts of 3 independence and sovereignty have been avoided on 4 the whole as a mode of expressing a criterion for 5 membership in the Fund". He continues, "Although 6 the Fund usually takes into account the recognition 7 or nonrecognition of an entity as a state, there are no rules or even informal understandings on the ex-8 9 tent to which an applicant must have been recog-10 nized by members or other international organiza-11 tions before the Fund will regard it as eligible for 12 membership.". In fact, when considering an applica-13 tion for membership where the status of an appli-14 cant may not be resolved, Mr. Gold writes "there 15 have been occasions on which the Fund has made a 16 finding before decisions had been taken by the 17 United Nations or by most members or by members 18 with a majority of the total voting power." Mr. Gold 19 concludes, "the Fund makes its own findings on 20 whether an applicant is a 'country', and makes them 21 solely for its own purposes.".

(13) Although not a member state of the
United Nations, the Republic of Kosovo is a member
of both the IMF and the World Bank, having joined
both organizations on June 29, 2009.

1 SEC. 1773. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.

2 It is the sense of the Congress that—

3 (1) the size, significance, and connectedness of
4 the Taiwan economy highlight the importance of
5 greater participation by Taiwan in the International
6 Monetary Fund, given the purposes of the Fund ar7 ticulated in its Articles of Agreement; and

8 (2) the experience of Taiwan in developing a vi-9 brant and advanced economy under democratic gov-10 ernance and the rule of law should inform the work 11 of the international financial institutions, including 12 through increased participation by Taiwan in the in-13 stitutions.

14 SEC. 1774. CONDITION ON IMF QUOTA INCREASE FOR THE

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PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The United States Governor of
the International Monetary Fund (in this section referred
to as the "Fund") shall use the voice and vote of the
United States to oppose, and may not consent to, an increase in the quota of the People's Republic of China in
the Fund, unless the Secretary of the Treasury reports
to the Congress that—

(1) the Board of Governors of the Fund is considering admission of Taiwan as a member of the
Fund, pursuant to the recommendation of the Board
of Executive Directors of the Fund; or

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(2) Taiwan enjoys meaningful participation in
 the Fund, including through—

(A) participation in regular surveillance activities of the Fund with respect to the economic and financial policies of Taiwan, consistent with Article IV consultation procedures of the Fund;

8 (B) employment opportunities for Taiwan 9 nationals, without regard to any consideration 10 that, in the determination of the Secretary, 11 does not generally restrict the employment of 12 nationals of member countries of the Fund; and 13 (C) the ability to receive appropriate tech-14 nical assistance and training by the Fund.

15 (b) WAIVER.—The Secretary of the Treasury may 16 waive subsection (a) of this section with respect to a pro-17 posal on reporting to the Congress that providing the 18 waiver will substantially promote the objective of securing 19 more equitable treatment of Taiwan at each international 20 financial institution (as defined in section 1701(c)(2) of 21 the International Financial Institutions Act).

(c) SUNSET.—This section shall have no force or effect beginning with the date that is 7 years after the date
of the enactment of this Act.

1	SEC.	1775.	ENSURING	NON-DISCRIMINATION V	VITH	RE-
2			SPECT TO	TRAVEL POLICIES AT TH	IE IN'	rer-
3			NATIONAL	FINANCIAL INSTITUTION	s.	

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall instruct the 5 United States Executive Director at each international financial institution to use the voice and vote of the United 6 7 States to ensure that the travel policies and procedures 8 of the respective institution with respect to Taiwan as a 9 destination or transit point do not impose any administrative conditions, including through restrictions on logistical 10 11 arrangements or meeting participants, that do not generally apply to a member country of the institution as a 12 13 destination or transit point, except as required temporarily for reasons of public safety or public health. 14

- 15 (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- 16 (1) INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITU17 TION.—The term "international financial institu18 tion" has the meaning given the term in section
 19 1701(c)(2) of the International Financial Institu20 tions Act.
- 21 (2) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means
 22 the Secretary of the Treasury.

(c) WAIVER.—The Secretary may waive subsection
(a) with respect to an international financial institution
for up to 1 year at a time on reporting to the Congress
that providing the waiver—

(1) will substantially promote the objective of
 securing more equitable treatment of Taiwan at the
 international financial institution; or

4 (2) is in the national interest of the United
5 States, with a detailed explanation of the reasons
6 therefor.

7 (d) PROGRESS REPORT.—The Chairman of the Na-8 tional Advisory Council on International Monetary and Fi-9 nancial Policies shall submit to the Congress an annual 10 report that describes the progress made in advancing the travel policies and procedures described in subsection (a), 11 12 and may consolidate that report with the annual report 13 required by section 1701 of the International Financial Institutions Act or any other report required to be sub-14 15 mitted to the Secretary.

- 16 (e) SUNSET.—This section shall have no force or ef17 fect beginning with the earlier of—
- 18 (1) the date that is 7 years after the date of the19 enactment of this Act; or

(2) the date on which the Secretary reports to
the Congress that each international financial institution has adopted the travel policies and procedures
described in subsection (a).

1 SEC. 1776. TESTIMONY REQUIREMENT.

2 In each of the next 7 years in which the Secretary of the Treasury is required by section 1705(b) of the 3 4 International Financial Institutions Act to present testimony, the Secretary shall include in the testimony a de-5 scription of the efforts of the United States to support 6 the greatest participation practicable by Taiwan at each 7 international financial institution (as defined in section 8 1701(c)(2) of such Act). 9

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